

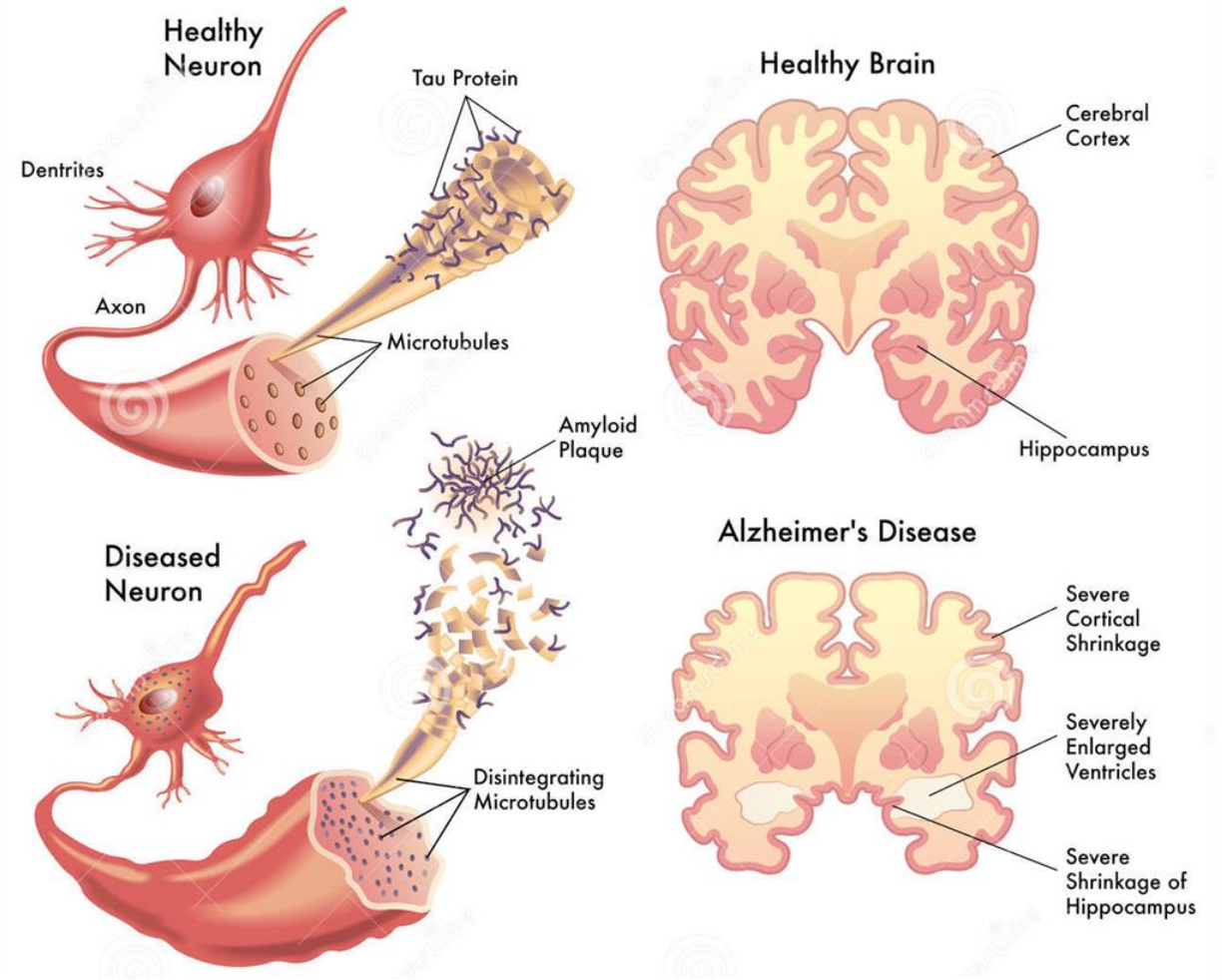
Evaluating Alzheimer's Disease Therapeutics on mitoNEET Expression

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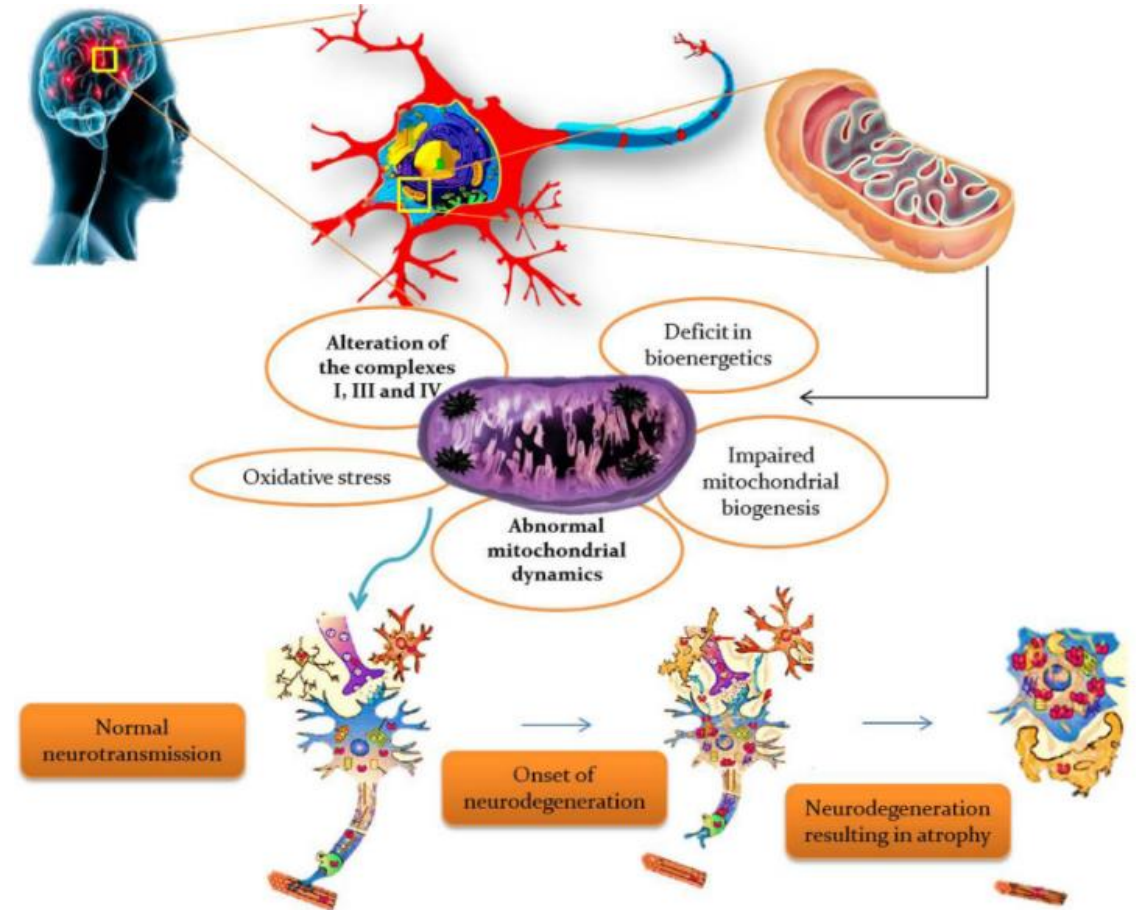
Hallmarks of Alzheimer's Disease (AD)

- Neurodegenerative disease
- Common symptoms include dementia, cognitive impairment, and progressive memory loss
- Hallmarks of AD include the formation of senile plaques and neurofibrillary tangles



Mitochondrial dysfunction and its role in cells

- Mitochondria play a role in many cell cycles including energy metabolism, antioxidant production, and cell survival
- Mitochondrial dysfunction leads to the formation of reactive oxygen species (ROS)
- Impaired mitochondrial pathways include ATP generation, ROS formation and defense, calcium buffering, morphology and dynamics, mPTP opening, and cytochrome c release.



Current AD therapeutics

- AD therapeutics are cholinesterase inhibitors which inhibit acetylcholinesterase (AChE) and therefore increase the level of available acetylcholine
- They are limited to alleviating the symptoms of AD by trying to counterbalance the neurotransmitter disturbance

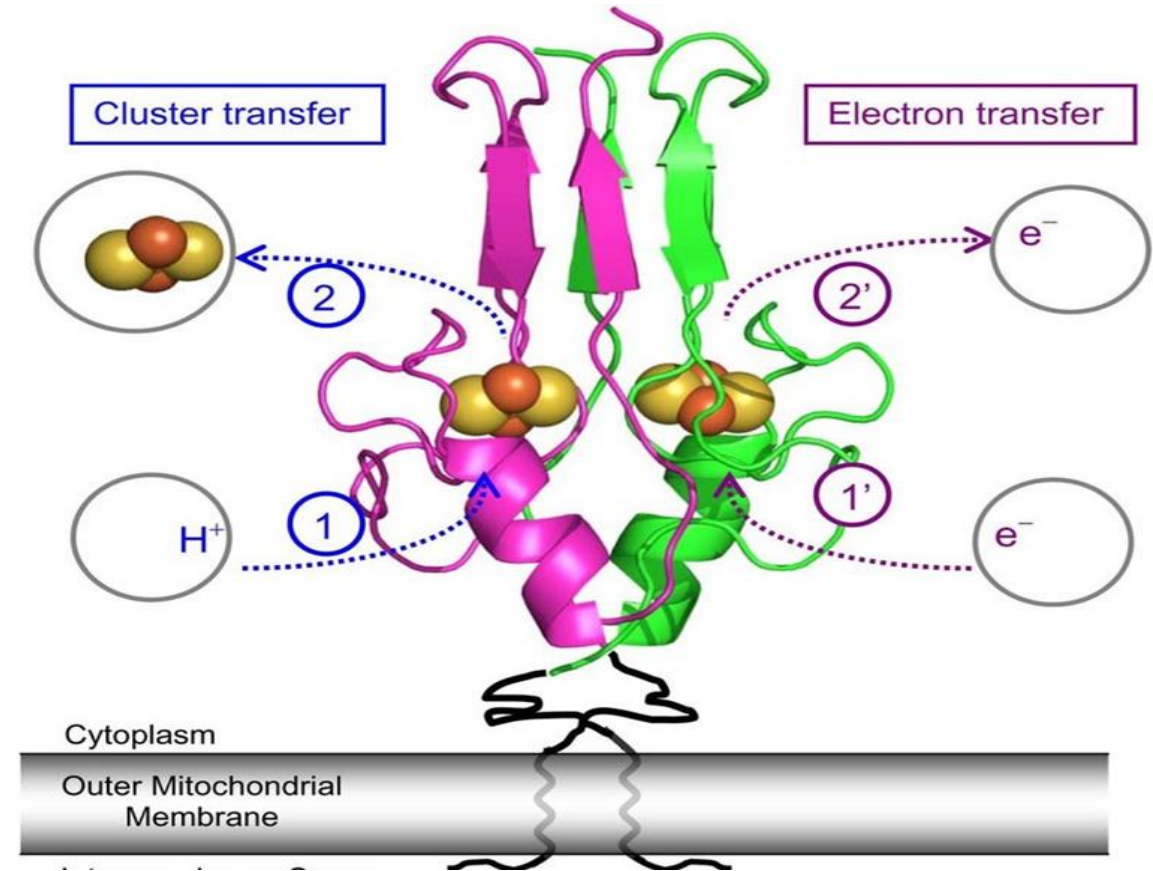
Table 1. FDA-Approved Drugs for Alzheimer's Disease

Drug (Brand)	Class and Indication	Mechanism of Action	Common Adverse Effects
Donepezil (Aricept)	Cholinesterase inhibitor prescribed to treat symptoms of mild-to-moderate and moderate-to-severe AD	Prevents the breakdown of acetylcholine in the brain	Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea
Galantamine (Razadyne)	Cholinesterase inhibitor prescribed to treat symptoms of mild-to-moderate AD	Prevents the breakdown of acetylcholine and stimulates nicotinic receptors to release more acetylcholine in the brain	Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, loss of appetite, weight loss
Memantine (Namenda)	NMDA antagonist prescribed to treat symptoms of moderate-to-severe AD	Blocks the toxic effects associated with excess glutamate and regulates glutamate activation	Dizziness, headache, constipation, confusion
Rivastigmine (Exelon)	Cholinesterase inhibitor prescribed to treat symptoms of mild-to-moderate AD	Prevents the breakdown of acetylcholine and butyrylcholine in the brain	Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, loss of appetite, weight loss, muscle weakness

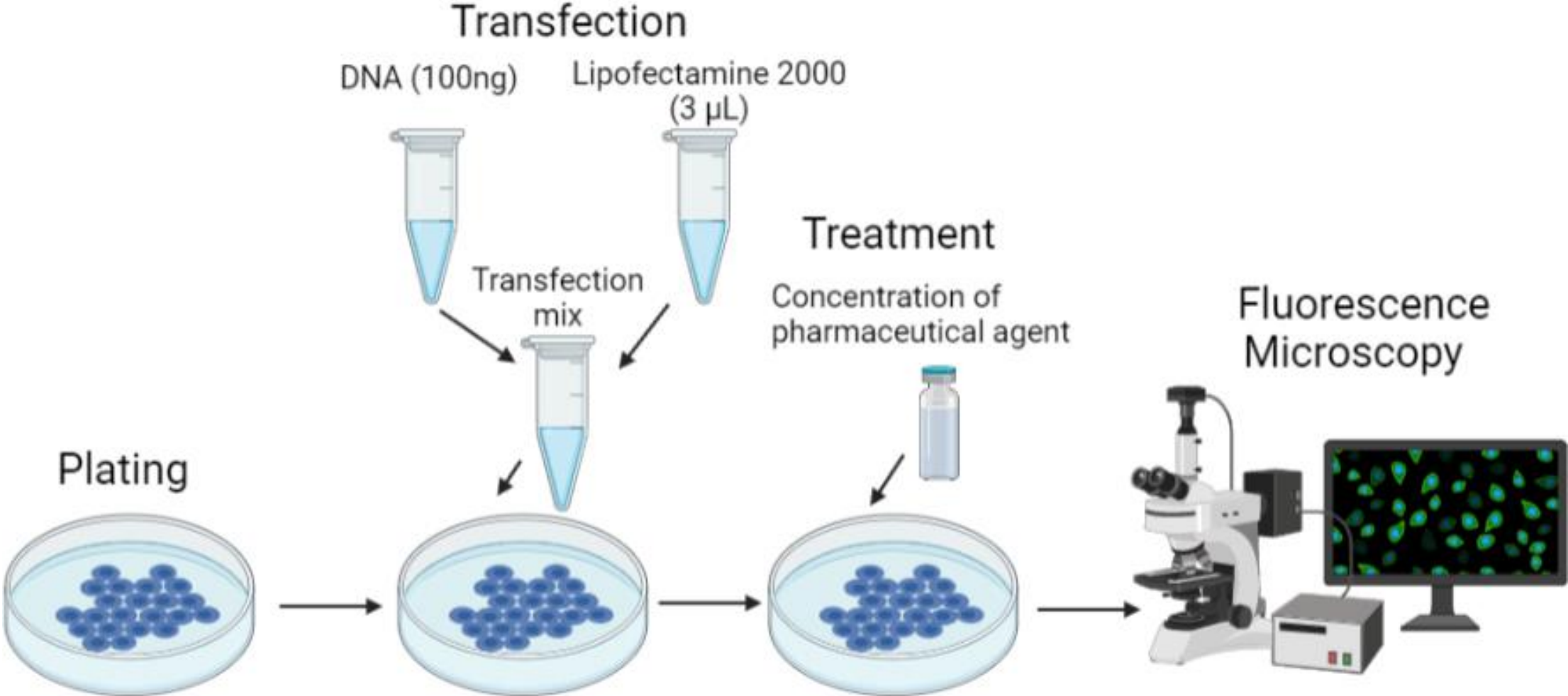
*AD: Alzheimer's disease; NMDA: N-methyl-D-aspartate.
Source: Reference 4.*

What is mitoNEET and its role in cells

- Outer mitochondrial membrane protein with iron sulfur clusters
- Plays a role in iron homeostasis, regulating energy metabolism, formation of inter-mitochondrial junctions, and production of ROS
- Novel target for treating mitochondrial dysfunction and associated diseases



Experiment Scheme



Imaging using Fluorescence Microscopy

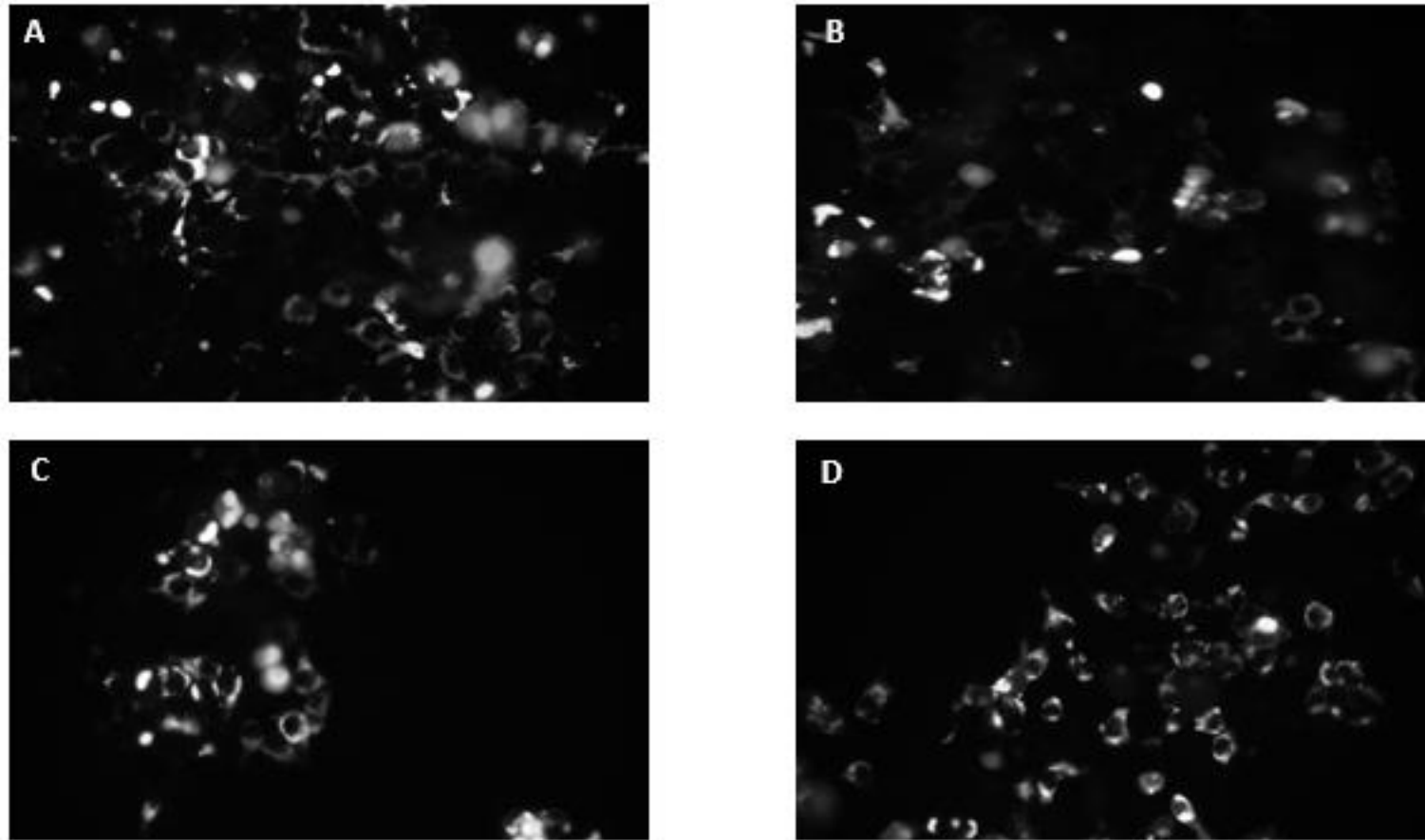
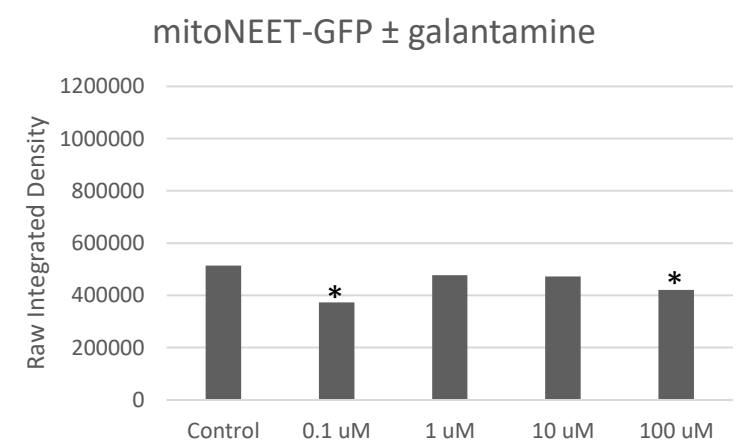
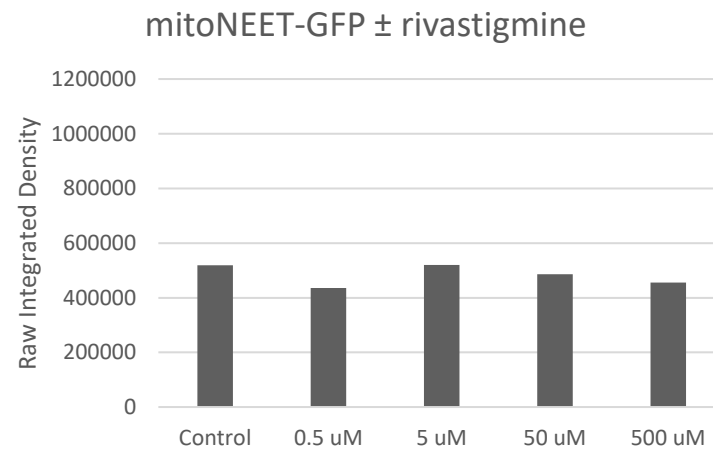
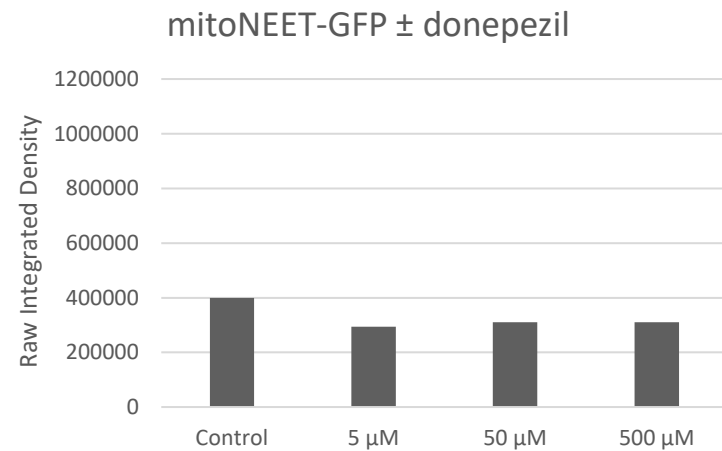
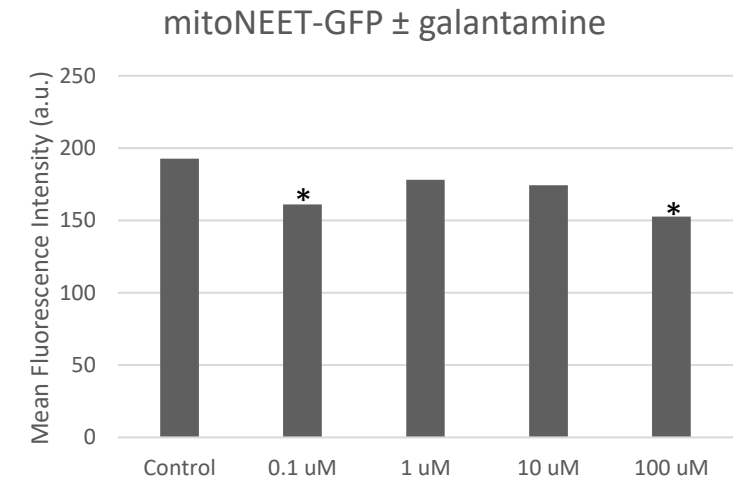
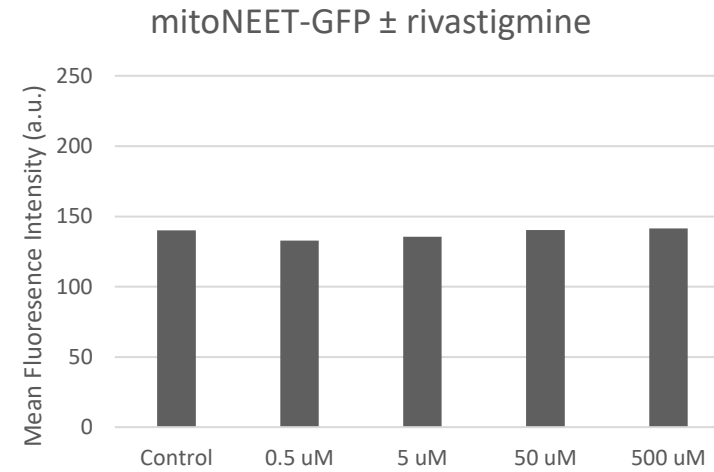
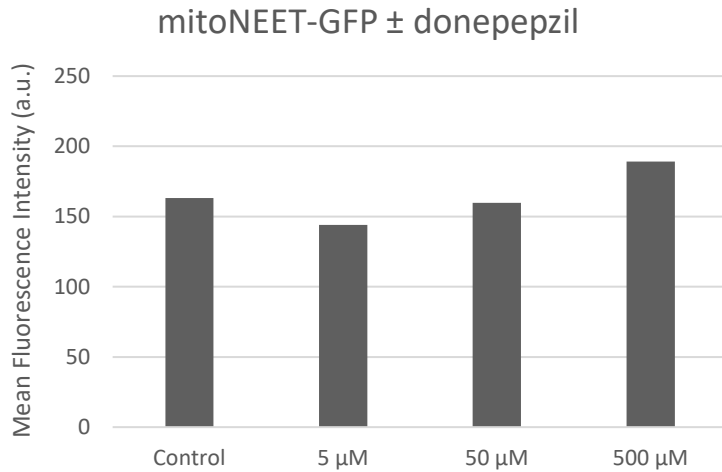


Figure 1. N₂a cells expressing mitoNEET-GFP (a) exposed to 5 μM (b), 50 μM (c), or 500 μM (d), donepezil for 24 hours.

Expression of mitoNEET in response to donepezil, rivastigmine, and galantamine



Conclusion and Future Direction

- Donepezil and rivastigmine did not statistically impact the expression whereas certain concentrations of galantamine slightly statistically down regulated mitoNEET expression.
- These findings suggest that current AD drugs do not change mitoNEET expression and therefore do not target or impact mitochondrial dysfunction in cells.
- Future studies will explore the expression of mitoNEET in response to A β and oxidative stress.

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